



INVESTOR IN PEOPLE

**PRIORITY  
DOCUMENT**SUBMITTED OR TRANSMITTED IN  
COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 17.1(a) OR (b)The Patent Office  
Concept House  
Cardiff Road  
Newport  
South Wales

NP10 8QQ

REC'D 12 JUN 2003

WIPO

PCT

I, the undersigned, being an officer duly authorised in accordance with Section 74(1) and (4) of the Deregulation & Contracting Out Act 1994, to sign and issue certificates on behalf of the Comptroller-General, hereby certify that annexed hereto is a true copy of the documents as originally filed in connection with the patent application identified therein.

In accordance with the Patents (Companies Re-registration) Rules 1982, if a company named in this certificate and any accompanying documents has re-registered under the Companies Act 1980 with the same name as that with which it was registered immediately before re-registration save for the substitution as, or inclusion as, the last part of the name of the words "public limited company" or their equivalents in Welsh, references to the name of the company in this certificate and any accompanying documents shall be treated as references to the name with which it is so re-registered.

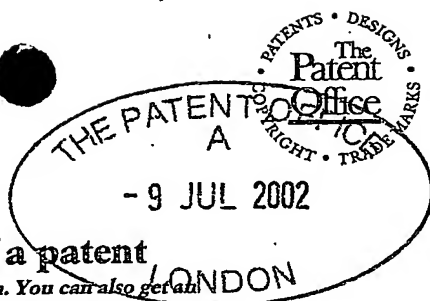
In accordance with the rules, the words "public limited company" may be replaced by p.l.c., plc, P.L.C. or PLC.

Re-registration under the Companies Act does not constitute a new legal entity but merely subjects the company to certain additional company law rules.

Signed

Dated

16 April 2003



1/77  
E732072-1 000022  
P01/7700 0.00-0215871.5

# Request for grant of a patent

(See the notes on the back of this form. You can also get an explanatory leaflet from the Patent Office to help you fill in this form)

The Patent Office

Cardiff Road  
Newport  
South Wales  
NP10 8QQ

1. Your reference

NIS/DC/38022 09 JUL 2002

2. Patent application number

(The Patent Office will fill in this part)

0215871.5

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

MOLINS PLC  
11 TANNERS DRIVE  
BLAKELANDS  
MILTON KEYNES  
BUCKS MK14 5LU

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

UK

61157 4005

4. Title of the invention

INFUSION PACKAGE.

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

FJ CLEVELAND

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

40-43 CHANCERY LANE  
LONDON WC2A 1JQ

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

07368855001

6. If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number

Country

Priority application number  
(if you know it)

Date of filing  
(day / month / year)

7. If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application

Number of earlier application

Date of filing  
(day / month / year)

8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer 'Yes' if:

YES

- a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or
- b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or
- c) any named applicant is a corporate body.

See note (d)

# Patents Form 1/77

9. Enter the number of sheets of any of the following items you are filing with this form. Do not count copies of the same document

Continuation sheets of this form

Description

17

Claim(s)

56

CF

Abstract

Drawing(s)

10 + 10

10. If you are also filing any of the following, state how many against each item.

Priority documents

Translations of priority documents

Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)

Request for preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)

ONE

Request for substantive examination (Patents Form 10/77)

Any other documents (please specify)

11.

I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

fJ Cleveland  
Signature

Date

FJ. Cleveland

09 July 2002

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

N I Smith 020 7405 5875

## Warning

After an application for a patent has been filed, the Comptroller of the Patent Office will consider whether publication or communication of the invention should be prohibited or restricted under Section 22 of the Patents Act 1977. You will be informed if it is necessary to prohibit or restrict your invention in this way. Furthermore, if you live in the United Kingdom, Section 23 of the Patents Act 1977 stops you from applying for a patent abroad without first getting written permission from the Patent Office unless an application has been filed at least 6 weeks beforehand in the United Kingdom for a patent for the same invention and either no direction prohibiting publication or communication has been given, or any such direction has been revoked.

## Notes

- If you need help to fill in this form or you have any questions, please contact the Patent Office on 08459 500505.
- Write your answers in capital letters using black ink or you may type them.
- If there is not enough space for all the relevant details on any part of this form, please continue on a separate sheet of paper and write "see continuation sheet" in the relevant part(s). Any continuation sheet should be attached to this form.

d) If you have answered 'Yes' to the question 'Do you intend to file an application for a patent in the United Kingdom?' you must also complete the following section.

# **Infusion Package**

This invention relates to infusion packages and particularly, but not exclusively to infusion packages for coffee, and also to their formation.

5           Conventional infusion packages for tea or coffee comprise a porous walled container into which has been charged the coffee or tea. In use such containers are immersed in hot liquid such as water. It is known to suspend an open container such as a bag in the liquid and this has been achieved using a hanging string. In other arrangements a filter bag is provided with holding  
10       members which enable the filter to be support from the rim of a container for the hot liquid. One such arrangement is described in E-A-0463181, but this arrangement can be difficult to use and manufacture. An infusion package which is simpler to manufacture is described in WO 01/51383, but it has been found particularly with coffee that such an arrangement does not produce a  
15       satisfactory flavour in an acceptable time.

          According to one aspect of the present invention there is provided an infusion package comprising a semi-porous open container for an infusible material and a support for supporting the container from the rim of a vessel, said support being capable of defining an opening through which liquid can be  
20       poured into the container, said support being formed from juxtaposed members which are sealed together at opposite ends, each sealed end portion having

formed therein a crease about which said members can fold in order to facilitate opening of said support.

Each crease may extend axially of the container. The seal at each said portion of the support may be a heat seal.

---

5           A plurality of score lines may be formed on each of the juxtaposed members is a central region thereof. The score lines may extend axially of the package.

The area containing the score lines on a member may be offset laterally relative to the area containing the score lines on the offset member.

10           The support means may be joined to the semi porous container by a heat seal.

According to second aspect of the present invention there is provided a support for an infusion package according to any preceding claim, said support comprising two portions foldable about an axis between a position in which the portions are substantially co-planar and a position in which they are juxtaposed,  
15           said axis containing cuts including a relatively long central cut and end cuts, the central cut and each end cut being separated by a relatively short uncut part which acts as a hinge about which the two portions can be folded.

According to a third aspect of the invention there is provided an  
20           apparatus for forming an infusion package from a web material comprising folding means for folding the web of material into substantially a W-shape,

means for sealing the material of each limb of the W-shape at positions corresponding to the edges of a container part of the package so that one limb of the W-shape defines a first compartment and the other limb defines a second compartment, means for cutting the material to form from the web individual container parts, means for securing a support member to the upper end portion of each container part to form an infusion package and means for filling each infusion package, wherein said sealing means includes a heated blade so disposed that said limbs of the W pass on either side thereof, and a pair of oppositely disposed sealing jaws actuatable to press the edge portions of each compartment against the heated blade to effect heat sealing thereof.

According to a fourth aspect of the invention there is provided an apparatus for forming an infusion package from a web of material comprising: folding means for folding a web of material to define limbs which are to form the walls for a container part of the package, sealing means for sealing the limbs at positions corresponding to the edge of the container, means for cutting the material to form from the web individual container parts, means for securing a support member to the upper open end portion of each container part to form the infusion package and means for filling each infusion package, wherein the means for securing the support member includes an elongate heated member disposed so that an upper part of said limbs can pass one of each side thereof and a pair of opposite disposed sealing jaws actuatable to press

the upper part of each limb against a juxtaposed part of a support member to effect heat sealing therebetween.

According to a fifth aspect of the invention there is provided a method of forming an infusion package comprising folding a web of material into

- 
- 5 substantially a W-shape, passing the limbs of the W-shape on either side of a heated plate, pressing the material of each limb at positions corresponding to each portions of a compartment of a container part of the infusion package against the heated plate to effect sealing thereof, cutting the web along the sealed portions to form individual container parts, attaching a support to each
- 10 container part and filling the compartments of the container part.

- According to a sixth aspect of the invention there is provided a method of attaching a support element to the upper open part of a container portion of an infusion package comprising providing a support element comprising oppositely disposed support members, locating the support members on either
- 15 side of said upper container portion part, passing the support members with said upper container portion parts one on either side of a heated member and pressing each support and upper container portion part against the heating member to effect heat sealing between each support member and the container part.

- 20 The invention will be described now by way of example only with particular reference to the accompanying drawings. In the drawings:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of an infusion package for coffee according to one embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 is a cross-sectional view of the infusion package;

Figure 3 is a schematic plan view of the infusion package in use;

5 Figure 4 is a perspective view illustrating how the container is divided into two compartments;

Figure 4a is a plan view of a support element;

Figure 5 is a side elevational view of an apparatus for forming a package of the type shown in Figures 1 to 4;

10 Figure 6 is a simplified schematic view illustrating the operations carried out by the apparatus of Figure 5;

Figure 7 is a simplified perspective view illustrating the operations of the apparatus of Figure 5;

Figure 8 is another simplified perspective view illustrating one  
15 embodiment of a compartment separation maintaining means, and

Figure 9 is a view similar to Figure 8 showing a modified embodiment.

Referring to the drawings an infusion package (10) comprises a container (12) and a support for the container. The support comprises two support members (14) by means of which the container can be mounted on a  
20 ring of a drinking vessel such as a mug or cup (15) as shown in Figure 3 of the drawings.



The support elements can each comprise of a strip of plastics coated board which are disposed opposite one another. Each support member is notched at one of its ends (16) to define a projection (18). The projection (18) lies in the plane of the support member and projects in the lengthwise direction

---

5 of the member perpendicular to the ends (16).

At the end of the support members opposite the ends (16) there is a recess (22). The recesses (22) are aligned with and correspond in shape to the respective projections (18).

The support members are sealed to one another and to the container  
10 (12). These seals can be heat seals. The arrangement of the support members is such that the end (16) of one member is disposed opposite the end (20) of the other member so that the respective projections project in opposite directions. In the vicinity of the heat sealed end portion each support member has a crease (25) formed therein. The crease extends perpendicularly to the  
15 long dimension of each support member. Each support member has on its internal surface a series of score lines (24) disposed between the ends (16) and extending perpendicular to the lengthwise direction of the member and parallel to the end (16, 20). The creases (25) facilitate the movement of the support members from a closed position (Figure 2) to an open position as shown in  
20 Figure 3 of the drawings. The score lines results in an eye shaped opening in the open condition.

The support members can be produced essentially as a single flat element as shown in Figure 4a of the drawings. The two members are foldable about an axis (28) to the position in Figure 1. The axis is principally a cut line but the portions defining the two members are joined at to relatively short sections 29. It will be seen that these are spaced inwardly a short distance from the end of each member so that there is a relatively long central cut line (26) and two short end cut lines (27). This design facilitates folding of the support member to a juxtaposed condition.

The container is in the form of an open ended sack or bag (12). The bag is formed from a web of porous heat sealable material which is folded to produce a cross section which is generally W-shaped as shown in Figures 2 and 4, the central part of the W forming a deep gusset. The long sides (30) of the W are sealed to each other by edge seals (32) which extend from the upper to the lower end of the bag. The lower corners are rounded as shown at (35) in order to minimise drippage of liquid from the bag.

It will be seen from Figure 2 of the drawings that the central gusset (34) forms a divider means which divides the bag or container into two compartments (36, 38). Coffee in each of these compartments is separated by the central gusset. It has been found that this type of arrangement creates a coffee drink of enhanced flavour in an acceptable time. It will be appreciated that a minimum infusion time is achieved when each compartment has

substantially equal amounts of coffee therein.

The upper open end of the bag (12) is sandwiched between the support members (14). The external surfaces of the bag at the open end are secured to the opposed inwardly facing surface of the support members in such a manner

---

5 that the bag can be left open at the upper end as shown in Figure 3. The support members are sealed to one another at their ends (16, 20) by heat seals which extend parallel to the score lines (24).

It will be appreciated that the support member (14) can be folded over so that it is disposed alongside the upper end of the bag (12). This has the

10 advantage that the size of any sachet containing the infusion package is reduced and the open end of the bag is effectively closed so that the coffee will not spill out in transit.

In use the bag is removed from a sachet in which it has been stored and the support members are folded upwardly to bring the infusion package into the

15 condition shown in Figure 1. A compressive force is applied to the opposite ends of the support member causing the members to bow outwardly in the region of the score lines (24). This movement is facilitated by the crease (25). As shown in Figure 3 the result is that the support members adopt a generally eye shaped configuration allowing the projections (18) to sit on the rim of a

20 drinking vessel (15). In addition the bowing of the support members opens the upper end of the bag and provides an opening through which water can be

poured onto the coffee contained in the two compartments (36, 38) of the bag.

It will also be appreciated that the design allows the bag to be supported from the rim of the vessel so that the coffee containing portion sits in the liquid in the vessel once the water has been poured into the bag.

5       The support members (14) can be formed by the method described in WO 01/51383, but their formation is not in any way restricted to this method.

Apparatus for forming an infusion package of the type described with reference to Figures 1 to 4 comprises a housing 90. In the housing 90 there is a reel 100 on which is wound a web of material for forming the container part  
10   12 of the infusion package. This material may comprise any suitable porous heat sealable material used for forming infusion packets. The reel is carried on a cantilevered shaft 102 mounted on the housing 90. The web of material is fed from the reel 100 along a path 101, which can include a pivoted guide roller assembly, and a spring loaded dancing arm 103 to a forming section 108.  
15   The guide roller assembly allows fine adjustment of the web during operation. The dancing arm 103 controls web tension and can govern material unwind through a pneumatic brake.

The forming section 108 includes a fixed plate type flow former 104 which converts the flat web into a U-shape. A fixed blade 106 then creates in  
20   the U-shape the gusset 34 which has been described above with reference to Figure 2 of the drawings. The arrangement is such that one downwardly

---

depending portion of the W-shape, which defines one compartment of the container part, lies on one side of the blade and the other compartment lies on the other side of the blade. Guide bars are used to control the vertical alignment of the web.

---

5       The folded material is then fed into a sealing section 110. In this section two sealing operations are carried out by means of electrically heated movable jaws which are positioned on opposite sides of the folded web of material. A heated fixed plate 112 is located centrally in the sealing section and the limbs of the W-shape locate so that they straddle the plate 112. At a first sealing position the sealing jaws create a seal profile of the form shown at 10       114 in Figure 6 and at a second sealing position another set of sealing jaws create the profile 115. Each movable jaw operates such that it nips the web between it and the fixed plate 112 in order to form the seal profile 114 in each limb of the W-shape. A similar operation creates the seal profile 115. The seals 15       are carried out in such a way as to retain the position of the gusset formed in the forming section. It will be appreciated that the use of a heated blade provides relatively rapid head sealing.

      The sealing jaws can be operated pneumatically or by way of cams to provide the necessary sealing force. After the sealing section the web is fed 20       into a cutting section 118 which is designed to form a cut along the line 120 through each previously formed sealed portion so that the seal formed in the

sealing section forms the trailing edge of one container part and the leading edge of the next container part. At this stage the long edges of each compartment defined by the W-shape are not sealed to each other so that the bag part defined by the seals has a saddle like configuration.

5           The cutting section is shown at 118 in Figure 5 of the drawings. The cutting section operates to cut a single container part from the leading edge of the web, that cut line being central to the vertical seal as just explained. The profile of the cut effected by the cutting section is shown at 120 in Figure 6 of the drawings.

10           The cutting section 118 includes an anvil and knife which are loaded together pneumatically, or via cams, in order to provide the necessary cutting force. The leading container part (122) is separated from the web in a subsequent operation by advancing that container part a greater distance than the web.

15           Immediately before the cutting station and disposed below the path of the container parts there is provided a mechanism (124) (Figure 8) for moving apart the two compartments of each container part. This mechanism comprises a pair of juxtaposed plates 125 which can be moved upwardly to locate in the gusset between the two compartments of each container part. The plates are  
20           expandable laterally to move apart those compartments to ensure that as the container part is advanced the container parts locate one on each side of and

straddle the forward part 126 of an elongate beam 127.

Up until this point in the machine the web of material has been advanced along its linear path by means of a web advance gripper which draws the material off the reel up until its position in the cutting station. The web is

---

5 arranged to be advanced 90mm during each machine cycle. The web advance gripper includes a pneumatically or cam actuated clamp mounted on a linear slide which grips the web. The clamp and slide are driven by a cam actuated lever 125. After each advance stroke the clamp is designed to release the web and the gripper and slider are returned to their start position. Whilst the web is  
10 not being indexed forward the web is held in position by a clamp.

The next process carried out by the apparatus is to apply support elements or tags 14 to the just formed container part. The machine includes a magazine 130 in which are loaded a plurality of pre-cut blanks of the type shown in Figure 4a each of which is to form a support element. This magazine  
15 typically has a capacity for 600 blanks. As can be seen the magazine is disposed vertically and the lowest blank is supported by a lip at the bottom and the magazine. Suction cups operate to draw the lowest blank vertically from the stack so that the lip then supports the next blank in the stack. These suction cups are actuated pneumatically and position a blank just above the top of a  
20 container portion. Each blank is located by means of side guides and supported on its base. The blank is then released above the container part and driven

forward with the container part by drive pins on a walking beam assembly shown generally at 132. The blanks are folded from their flat condition into a V-shape by means of a folding shoe. An initial fold is made over a central support to an included angle of approximately 50°. The shoe holds the fold in this position until at a support element sealing section yet to be described completes the folding operation. The folding shoe is driven pneumatically or via cams.

Each container part and its associated, partly folded, tag or support element 14 is then moved through a sealing section 135 which comprises a series of four sealing stations by means of a walking beam assembly. In the arrangement shown in the drawings each container part and its associated tag undergo four sealing operations. These sealing operations are designed to seal the tag to the upper open end of the container part. To this end the sealing section 135 includes four sets of electrically heated jaws spaced longitudinally therealong on both sides of the tag. The sealing jaws are actuated pneumatically or via cams to provide the necessary sealing force. The walking beam assembly is designed to advance the container parts and tags from the bag cutting section to a filling station and during each machine cycle the containers parts with their tags are advanced approximately 130 millimetres. Beams provide a system for gripping and releasing the bags. A cam driven lever provides the forward and return motion to the beam.



The sealing positions are shown in Figure 6 to 9 of the drawings at 140, 141, 142 and 143. In the sealing stations 140, 141 and 142 the compartments of each container part are held apart by a relatively deep part 128 of the beam 127. In the sealing station 143 the beam 127 has a relatively shallow part 129.

- 
- 5 This is to enable the upright edges of each compartment to be sealed together except at the part where the beam part 129 passes therethrough. After being sealed at position 143 the tag is securely sealed to its container part to form an infusion package.

- Downstream of the tag sealing section is a filling section 145. The
- 10 filling section includes a hopper 146 disposed above the path of the infusion packages. The mouth of the hopper includes a servo driven auger which is arranged to deliver an accurate amount of coffee which is stored in the hopper 146 to each infusion package as it passes below the mouth of the hopper. At the filling station each package is opened by means of pneumatically or cam
- 15 actuated suction cups in order to allow coffee to enter through the mouth of the package. The two compartments defined by the W section of the container part 12 are still disposed on opposite sides of the beam part 129 at this stage and hence coffee delivered from the hopper 146 enters both of these compartments substantially in equal quantities. The compartment separating means which in
- 20 this embodiment is the beam part 129 plays an important function in ensuring that the two compartments receive equal quantities of coffee.

Sensors can be provided to check that each infusion package is correctly positioned and open and the compartments of the container part can be opened by means of an air blast prior to the coffee being dispensed therein. The apparatus can include a vibrator for vibrating the package in order to prevent coffee bridging in the container part.

After filling each infusion package is closed and the bag is transferred from the filling station on the walking beam assembly to a reject station 160. The reject station 160 is designed to provide for automatic rejection of the packages if they do not meet certain criteria.

The next stage in the apparatus is a tag or support element folding section shown at 170. In this section as shown in Figure 6 of the drawings each tag or support element is folded over so that it lies alongside its associated container part the fold line occurring in the container part material. This act of folding the tag over securely closes the infusion package and maintains the coffee in the container part during transit. A plough can be used to fold the tag towards the inside of the apparatus and guides support the tag and container part as it is transferred to the next section.

The final section of the apparatus is a sachet forming section 180 which is designed to enclose each filled infusion package in a sealed sachet. The apparatus includes a reel 200 on which a web of material for forming the sachet is wound. Material is fed from the reel 200 along a path 201 past a

spring loaded dancing arm 202 to the sachet forming section 180. A sachet advance gripper draws material from the reel 200 up to a sachet seal and cut module 204 which carries out the operation shown at 205 and 206 in Figure 6. The material is sealed vertically and then the sachets are then cut by forming a

---

5 cut in the leading edge of the web that cut line being central to the formed vertical sachet seal.

The heated blade (112) of the sealing section (110) comprises two side by side electrically conductive blade parts which are separated by electrically insulating material. Electrical current can be supplied to the blade parts via  
10 leads (210) shown in Figure 9. The blade end portion (112a) is relatively thick whilst the blade end portion (112b) is relatively thin and therefore becomes hotter because of its higher resistance. The blade (112) is made of high resistance material such as titanium.

The sealing section 135 also includes a centrally located heated blade  
15 (220). The support elements are folded so that they straddle this blade (220). The blade comprises a first part (221) which is formed from phosphor bronze and a second part (222) which is formed from titanium. The transversely movable sealing jaws of the sealing stations in the sealing section (135) press the folded support element against the blade (220) with the upper part of a  
20 container being sandwiched between the blade (220) and the support element. Heat from the blade head seals the support element to the container upper or

mouth part.

Heat sealing from the inside in this manner is an efficient and effective way of carrying out this operation.

5 The station shown at (225) in Figure 9 includes creasing jaws which have cooperating grooves and ridges. These jaws are actuatable to engage opposite sides of the support element (14) in order to form the creases (25) described above with reference to Figures 1 to 4. Forming the creases (25) at this stage in the process rather than in the preformed blank ensures that the creases are accurately aligned.

10 As described the support elements or tags 14 are formed from pre-cut blanks stored in a magazine 130. It is possible to also form the tags from a continuous web of material fed from a reel such as that shown at 210.

Also as described the compartment separating means at the filling station comprises a beam part 129. Alternative arrangements are possible. For  
15 example a finger could be provided below the filling station 145, the finger being actuatable to locate between the two compartments of each container part to hold apart those compartments. The finger can be movable upwardly to its operative position by pneumatic or cam actuating means.

**Claims**

1. An infusion package comprising a semi-porous open container for an infusible material and a support for supporting the container from the rim of a  
5 vessel, said support being capable of defining an opening through which liquid can be poured into the container, said support being formed from juxtaposed members which are sealed together at opposite ends, each sealed end portion having formed therein a crease about which said members can fold in order to facilitate opening of said support.  
10
2. An infusion package according to claim 1, wherein each crease extends axially of the container.
3. An infusion package according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the seal at each  
15 end portion of the support is a heat seal.
4. An infusion package according to any preceding claim, including a plurality of score lines formed on each of the juxtaposed members in a central region thereof.  
20
5. An infusion package according to claim 4, wherein the score lines

extend axially of the package.

6. An infusion package according to claim 4 or claim 5, wherein the area containing the score lines and one member is offset laterally with respect to the  
5 area contained in the score lines on the other member.

7. An infusion package according to any preceding claim, wherein the support means is joined to the semi-porous container by a heat seal.

10 8. An support for an infusion package according to any preceding claim, said support comprising two portions foldable about an axis between a position in which the portions are substantially co-planar and a position in which they are juxtaposed, said axis containing cuts including a relatively long central cut and end cuts, the central cut in each end cut being separated by a relatively  
15 short uncut part which acts as a hinge about which the two portions can be folded.

9. A support according to claim 8 wherein each portion has a projection at one end and a recess at the other, the projection on one portion being at the  
20 same end as the recess on the other portion.

---

10. A support according to claim 8 or claim 9 wherein the support is formed from material which is heat sealable.

11. A support according to any one of claims 8 to 10 wherein the score

---

5 lines on a central part of each portion extend perpendicularly to the cuts.

12. A support according to any one of claims 8 to 11 wherein the score lines on one portion are offset relative to those on the other.

10 13. An apparatus for forming an infusion package from a web material comprising folding means for folding the web of material into substantially a W-shape, means for sealing the material of each limb of the W-shape at positions corresponding to the edges of a container part of the package so that one limb of the W-shape defines a first compartment and the other limb defines  
15 a second compartment, means for cutting the material to form from the web individual container parts, means for securing a support member to the upper end portion of each container part to form an infusion package and means for filling each infusion package, wherein said sealing means includes a heated blade so disposed that said limbs of the W pass on either side thereof, and a  
20 pair of oppositely disposed sealing jaws actuable to press the edge portions of each compartment against the heated blade to effect heat sealing thereof.

14. An apparatus for forming an infusion package from a web of material comprising: folding means for folding a web of material to define limbs which are to form the walls for a container part of the package, sealing means for  
5 sealing the limbs at positions corresponding to the edge of the container, means for cutting the material to form from the web individual container parts, means for securing a support member to the upper open end portion of each container part to form the infusion package and means for filling each infusion package, wherein the means for securing the support member includes an elongate  
10 heated member disposed so that an upper part of said limbs can pass one of each side thereof and a pair of opposite disposed sealing jaws actuatable to press the upper part of each limb against a juxtaposed part of a support member to effect heat sealing therebetween.

15 15. A method of forming an infusion package comprising folded a web of material into substantially a W-shape, passing the limbs of the W-shape on either side of a heated plate, pressing the material of each limb at positions corresponding to each portions of a compartment of a container part of the infusion package against the heated plate to effect sealing thereof, cutting the  
20 web along the sealed portions to form individual container parts, attaching a support to each container part and filling the compartments of the container

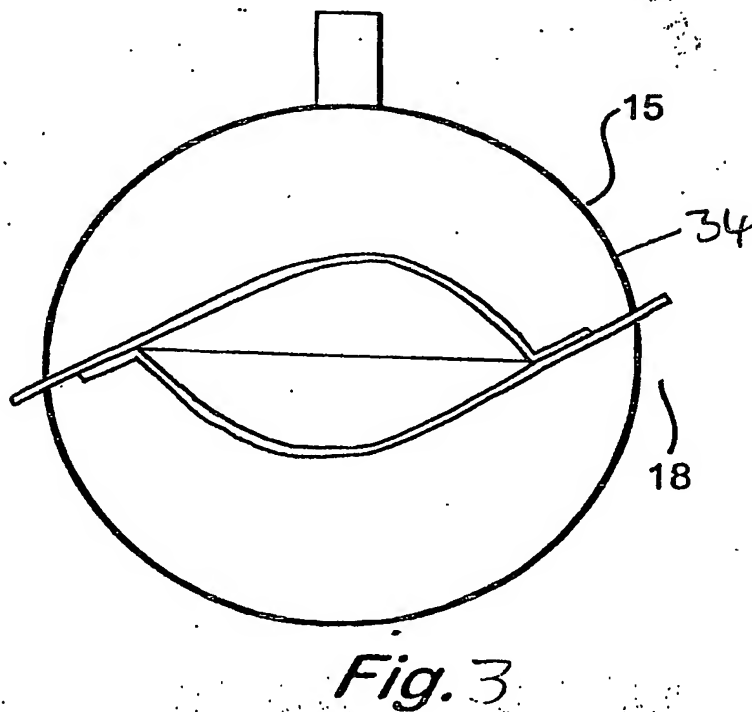
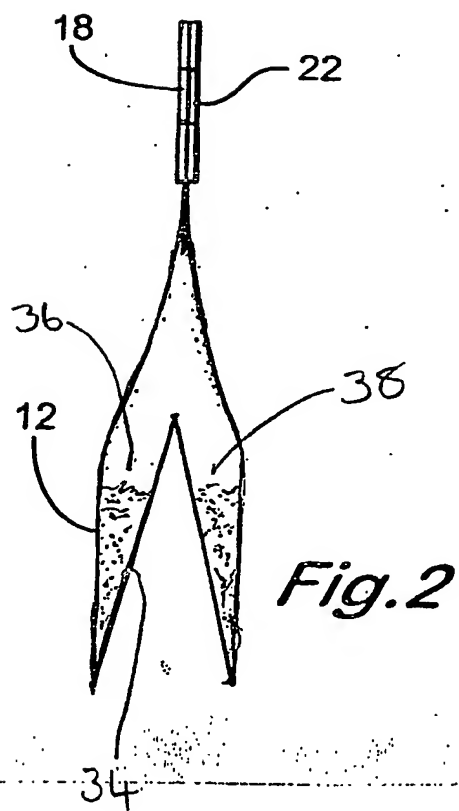
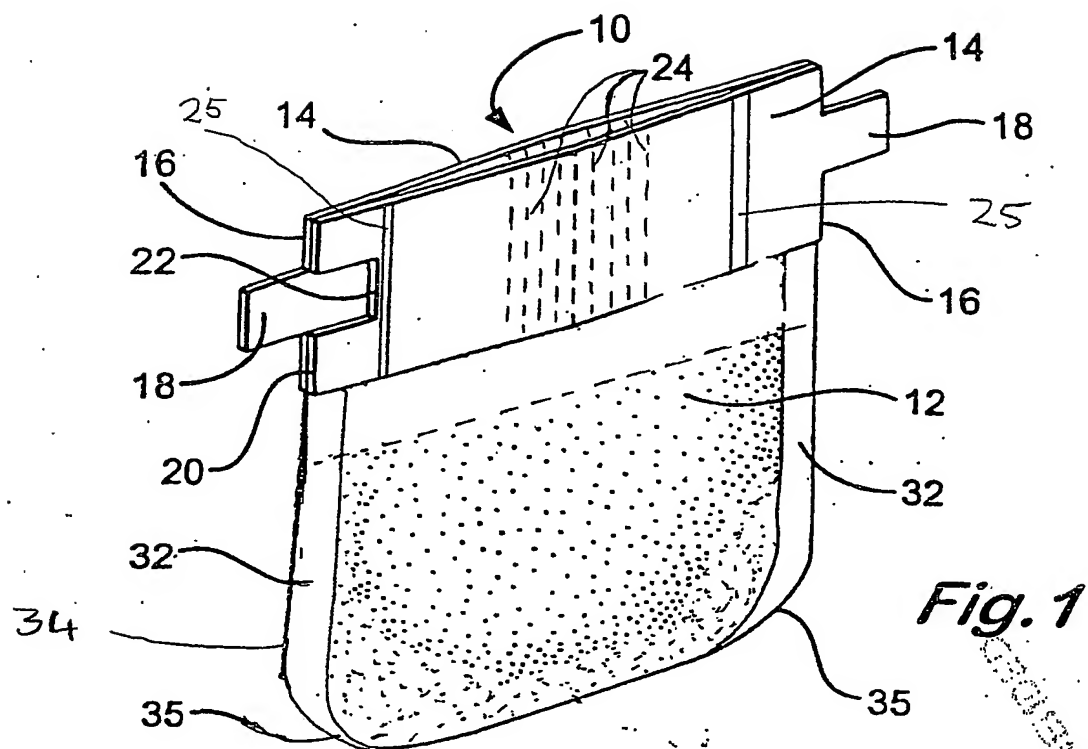


part.

16. A method of attaching a support element to the upper open part of a container portion of an infusion package comprising providing a support  
5 element comprising oppositely disposed support members, locating the support members on either side of said upper container portion part, passing the support members with said upper container portion parts one on either side of a heated member and pressing each support and upper container portion part against the heating member to effect heat sealing between each support  
10 member and the container part.

17. An apparatus for forming an infusion package from a web of material comprising: folding means for folding a web of material to define limbs which are to form the walls for a container part of the package, sealing means for  
15 sealing the limbs at positions corresponding to the edge of the container, means for cutting the material to form from the web individual container parts, means for securing a support member to the upper open end portion of each container part to form the infusion package and means for filling each infusion package, wherein said apparatus includes means for forming a crease or creases in the  
20 support element.

18. A method of attaching a support element to the upper open part of a container portion of an infusion package comprising providing a support element comprising oppositely disposed support members, locating the support members on either side of said upper container portion part, passing the support members with said upper container portion parts one on either side of a heated member, pressing each support and upper container portion part against the heating member to effect heat sealing between each support member and the container part, and forming a crease or creases in said support element..
19. An infusion package substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to and as shown in Figures 1 to 4 of the accompanying drawings.
20. Apparatus for forming an infusion package substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to and as shown in Figures 5 to 9 of the accompanying drawings.
21. A method forming an infusion package substantially as hereinbefore described.



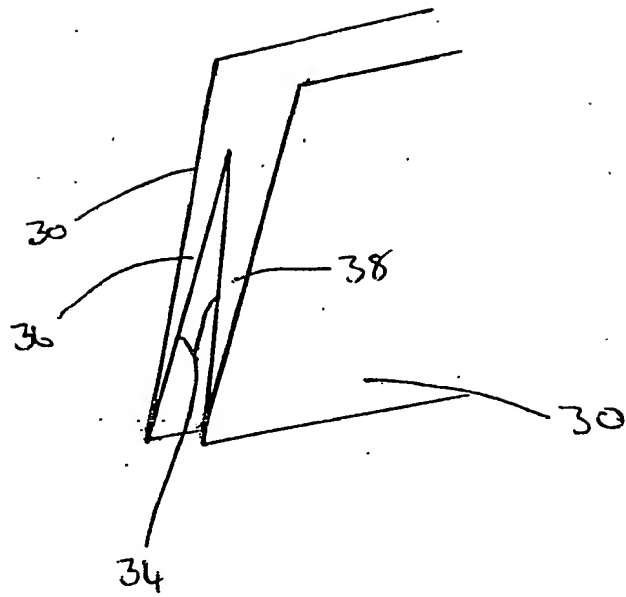


FIG 4

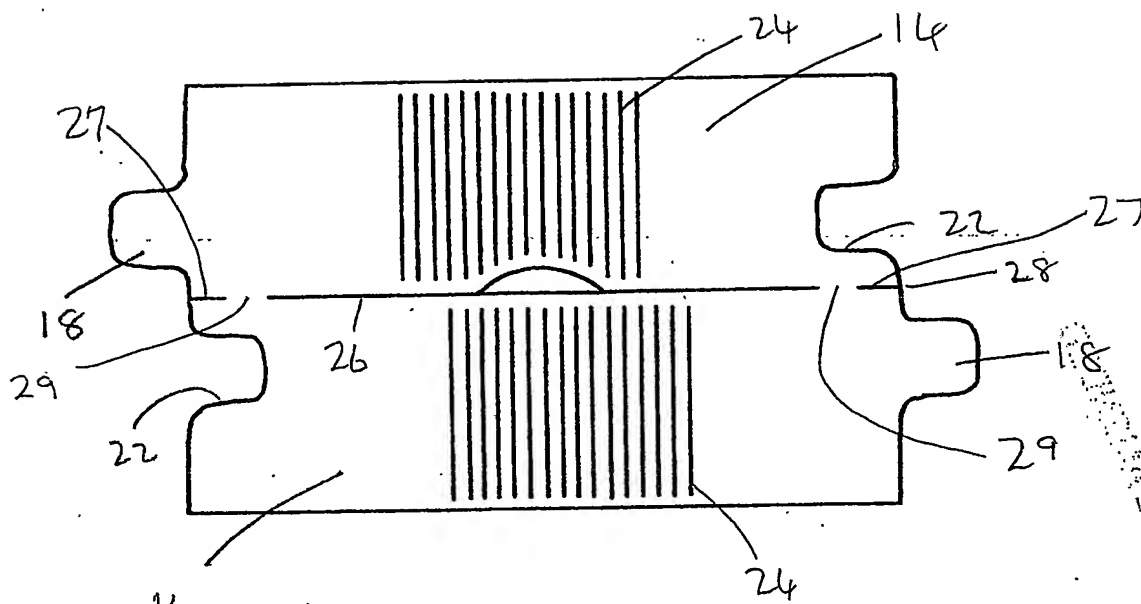


FIGURE 4a

FIGURE 4a

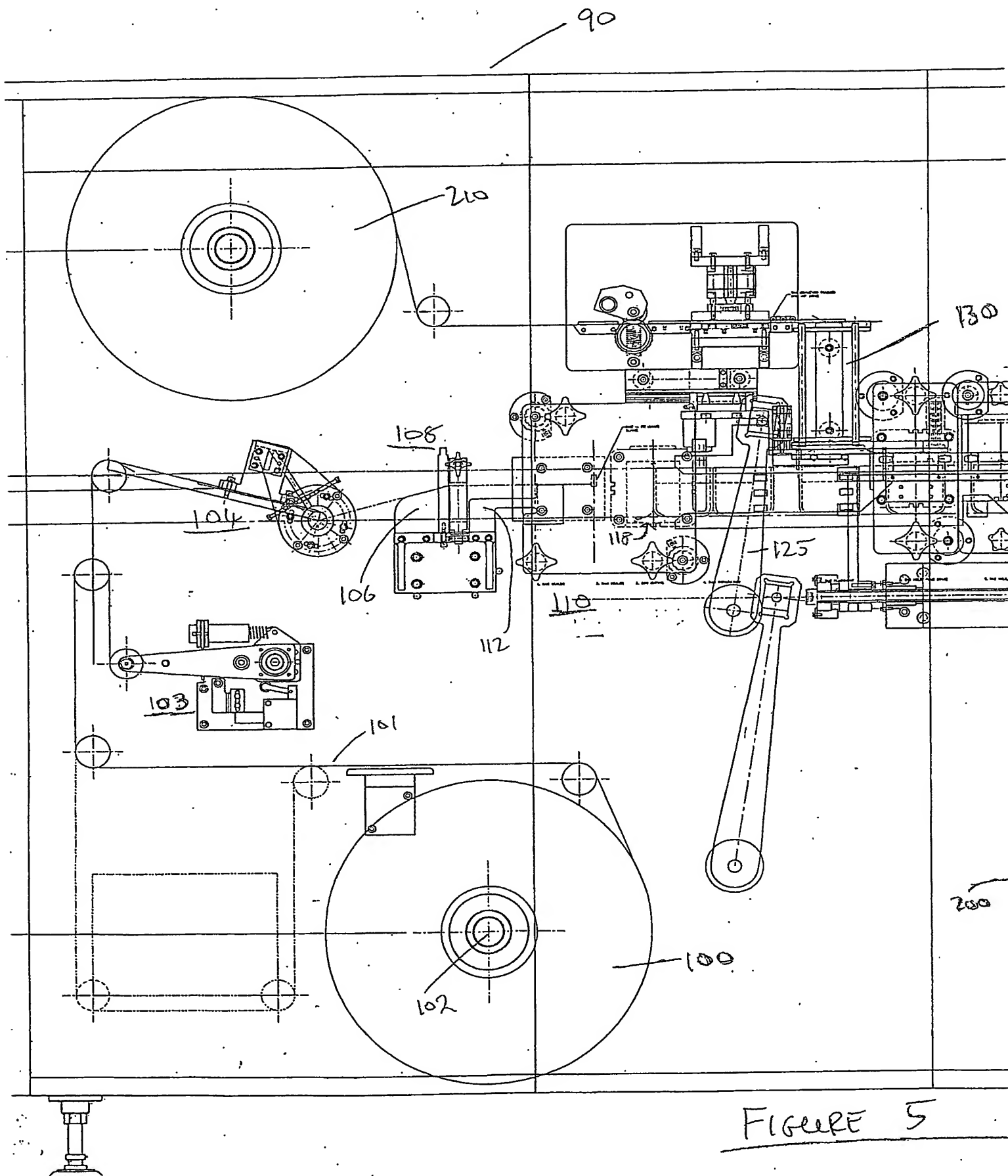
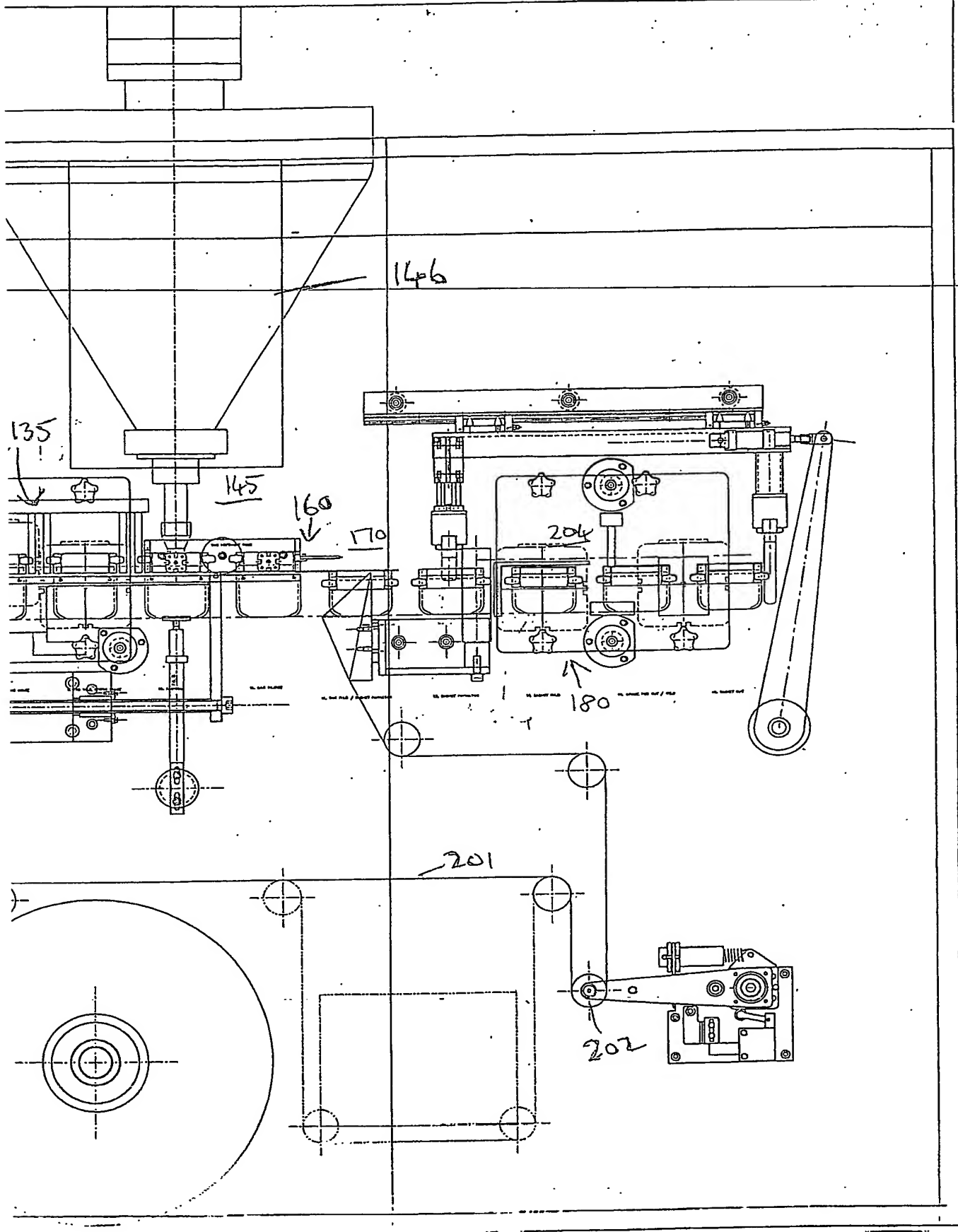


FIGURE 5



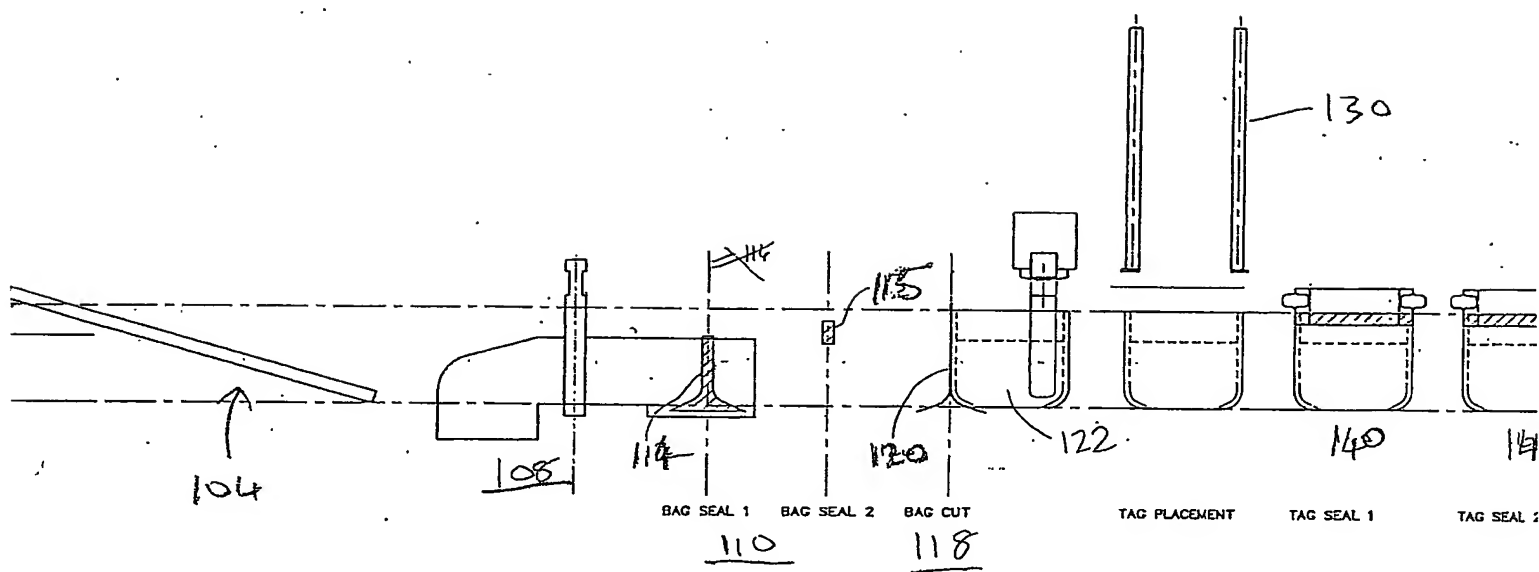
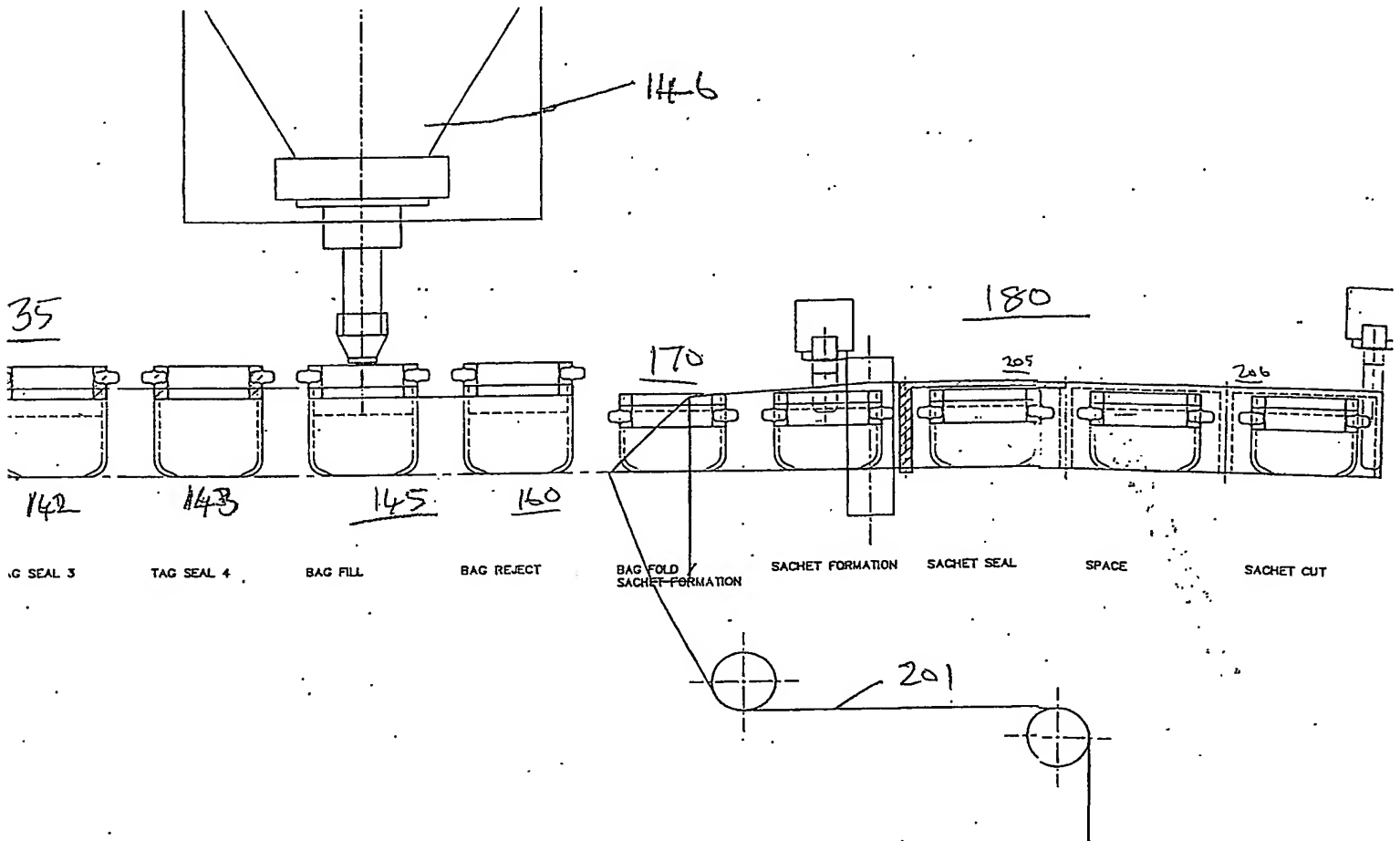
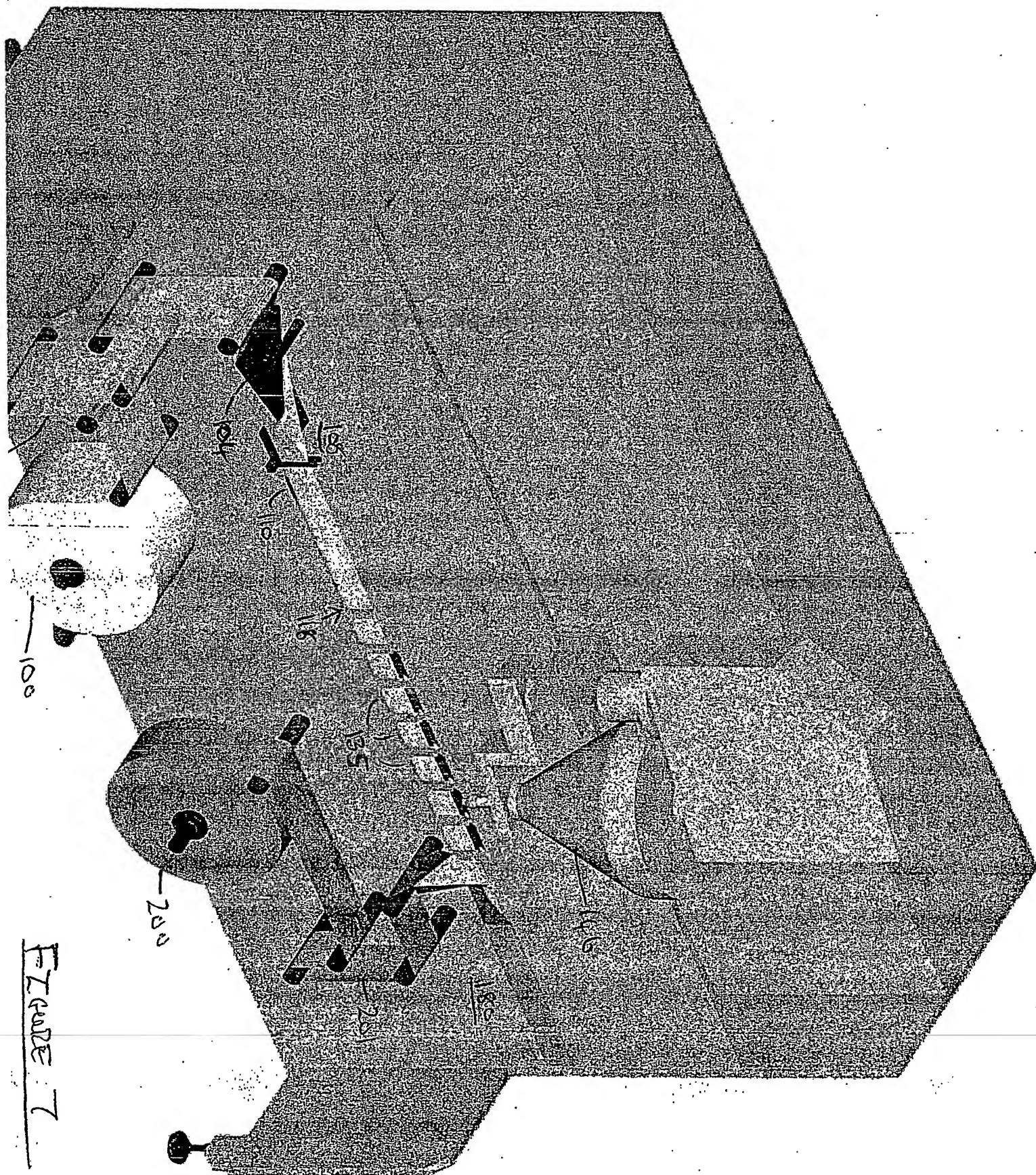


FIGURE 6







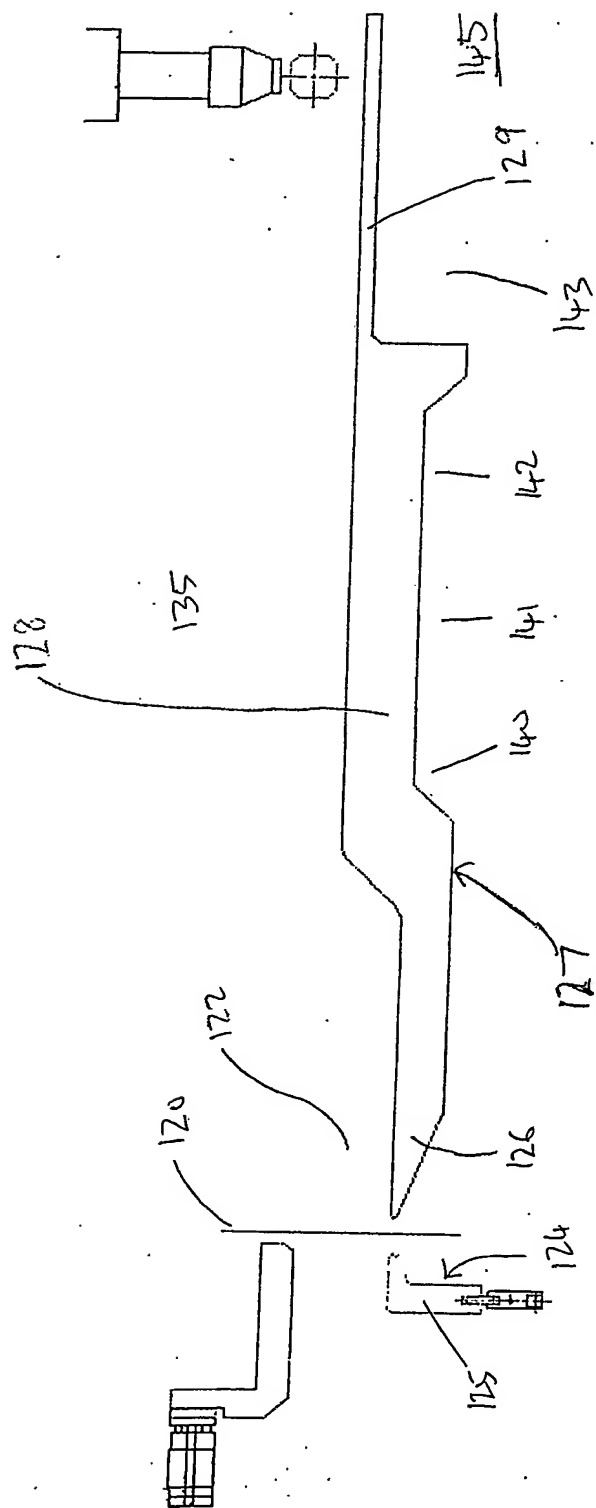


FIG 8

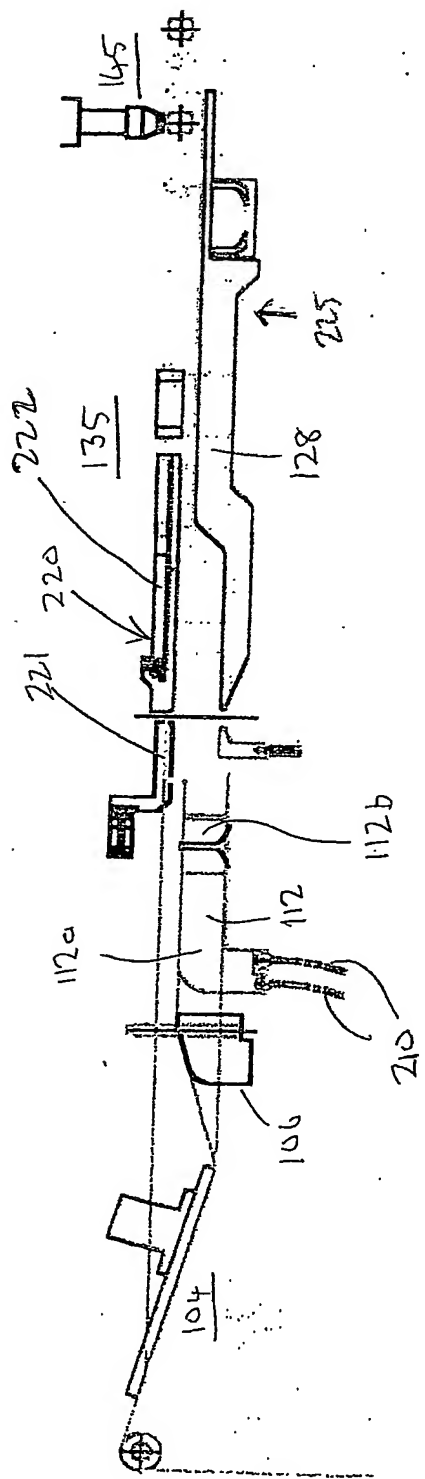


FIGURE 9

Copyright 1987 by J. P. ...

**This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning  
Operations and is not part of the Official Record**

**BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES**

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

- ☐ **BLACK BORDERS**
- ☐ **IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES**
- ☐ **FADED TEXT OR DRAWING**
- ☐ **BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING**
- ☐ **SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES**
- ☐ **COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS**
- ☐ **GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS**
- ☐ **LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT**
- ☒ **REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY**
- ☐ **OTHER:** \_\_\_\_\_

**IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.**

**As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.**